

EU Soil Strategy for 2030

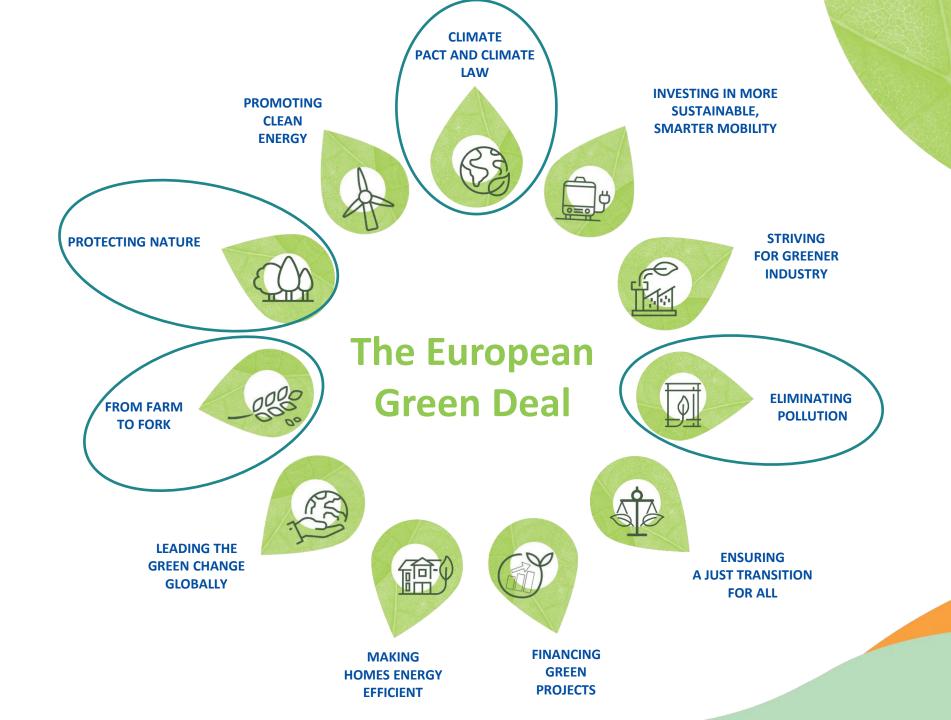


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Reaping the benefits of healthy soils for people, food, nature and climate







New EU Soil Strategy: the process

- Soil Expert Group: regular discussions on soil policy since 2015
- MS' input on "Most urgent actions for Soil Policy": 10th Soil Expert Group meeting, 23/09/2020
- Various stakeholder conferences in the past few years
- Roadmap consultation: 4 weeks, closed on 10 December 2020, with 228 replies (including MS)
- Open Public Consultation: 12 weeks, closed on 27 April 2021 with 1673 replies (including MS)
- **Results of the public consultation**: https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/better-regulation/have-your-say/initiatives/12634-Healthy-soils-new-EU-soil-strategy_en
- Adoption on 17 November 2021



Policy context



Soil degradation continues in the EU and so do its transboundary impacts => common solutions necessary



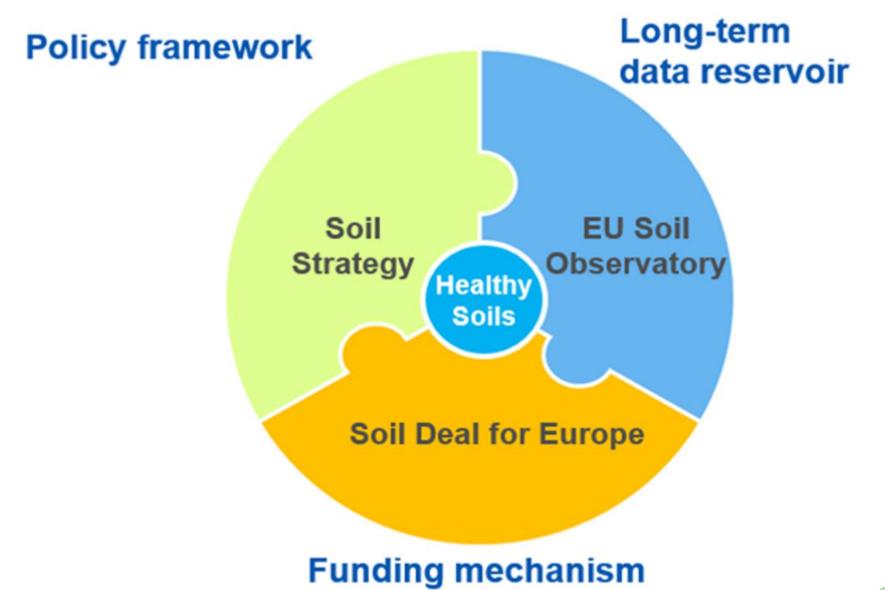
Soil recognized as a necessary solution for the climate and biodiversity crisis => factual and political momentum



Soil degradation in the EU costs more than 50 billion EUR per year. Costs of no action amount globally to EUR 5.4 and 8.6 trillion/year. Benefits of soil restoration outweigh costs 6 times => urgency



EU soil package





Links with other policies

Zero Circular Chemicals **Biodiversity** Fit for 55 Climate Farm to Pollution **Economy** Strategy Strategy for **Package** Adaptation Fork Action 2030 Strategy Strategy Action Plan Plan

EU Soil Strategy

Rio Conventions and SDGs Green
Financing &
Taxonomy

Common
Agricultural
Policy

Mission 'A Soil Deal for Europe' Bioeconomy Strategy Forest Strategy



Challenges: What do we need tackle?

70% of soils are NOT healthy

78% of land take takes place in agricultural land

7.4 million tonnes of CO₂
Lost yearly by mineral soils under cropland

25%
of land in
Southern, central and
Eastern Europe at
high or very high
risk of
desertification

13%
EU soils suffer from high erosion with 1.25 BEUR yearly losses on crop yield

200.000 -800.000 deaths globally per year due

to soil contamination

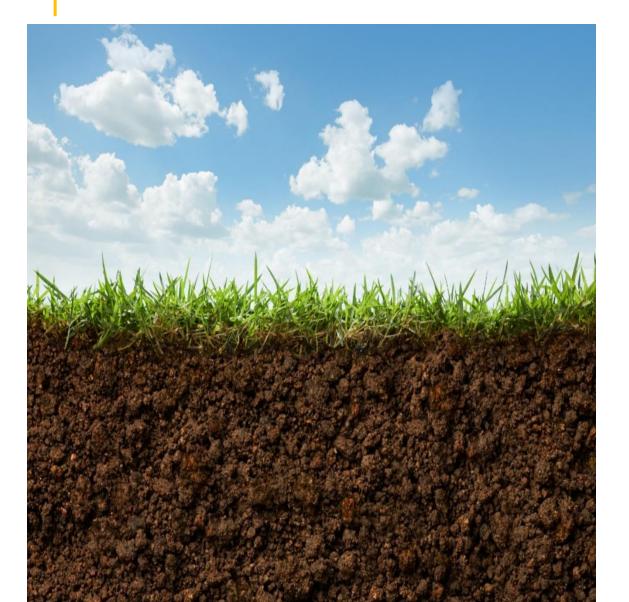
390.000
Contaminated
sites to be
remediated

Soil "diseases":

Erosion, compaction, organic matter decline, pollution, loss of soil biodiversity, salinization, desertification, land take and sealing



The vision for soil



By 2050, all EU soil ecosystems are in healthy condition and are thus more resilient, which will require very decisive changes in this decade.

By then, protection, sustainable use and restoration of soil has become the norm. Healthy soils contribute as key solution to our big challenges to achieve climate neutrality, a clean and circular economy, revert biodiversity loss, safeguard human health, halt desertification and revert land degradation.





Objectives: What do we want to achieve?

Objective: Allowing soil to deliver its essential services (food, energy, raw materials, carbon sequestration, water purification, nutrient regulation, pest control, basis for medicines, recreation etc.)

Soil as a **key enabler** to achieve Green Deal objectives:

- Climate change mitigation and adaptation
- More resource effeicient and circular economy
- More biodiversity for human, animal and plant health
- Ensuring healthy water resources





Solutions: What does the Soil Strategy commit to?



A basket of measures/ actions:

Combination of voluntary and legally binding measures

At local, regional, national, EU and global level



The concept of healthy soils: to be developed with MS and stakeholders



Soil Monitoring



Sustainable Soil Management



Restoration of degraded soils

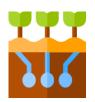


- Soil health for climate change mitigation and adaptation
 - Assess the state of peatlands in the Global Peatlands initiative
 - Join the global 4 per 1000 initiative
 - Present carbon farming initiative (2021) and proposal on carbon removal certification (2022)
- Soil health and the circular economy
 - Benchmark streams of excavated soils in the EU (2023)
 - Promote the land take hierarchy and ask MS to set targets for 2030
 - Provide **guidance** and exchange of practices to reduce sealing (2024)
 - Close the nutrient and carbon circle by safely recycling biowaste
 - LIFE project on the use of high quality compost from biowaste on soil.
- Soil biodiversity for human, animal and plant health
 - Assess soil biodiversity, antimicrobial resistance (2022) and invasive alien species
 - Put soil biodiversity on the international agenda (e.g. CBD COP 15, GSP)





Healthy soils for clean water



- Improve soil-sediment-water nexus
- Guidance on sustainable management of sediment
- Better integrate soil and land use management in the River Basin Management Plans
- Making Sustainable Soil Management (SSM) the new normal



- Set of SSM practices and criteria to phase out unsustainable practices
- Launch together with MS the Test Your Soil For Free initiative
- Promote sustainable soil management through the CAP and build a network of practitioners
- Prevent desertification



- Develop a common methodology to assess desertification and land degradation and report regularly
- Propose to declare the EU as affected party under the UNCCD
- Continue to support development projects outside the EU



Prevent pollution

- Improve the risk assessment of chemicals on soil quality and of soil contaminants on human health and the environment
- Restrict microplastics (2022), PFAS and other soil contaminants under the REACH Regulation, and develop a policy framework on bio-based, biodegradable and compostable plastics (2022)
- Revise the SUP Directive, evaluate the Sewage Sludge Directive (2022) and review the Fertilising Products Regulation (2026)



- Facilitate an exchange between MS on risk assessment methodologies
- Develop an EU priority list for soil contaminants (2024)
- Revise the Industrial Emissions Directive (2022) and evaluate the Environmental Liability Directive (2023)





Improve digital knowledge, monitoring and research on soil



- Implement the EU Soil Observatory, the Land Information System for Europe and the Soil Mission
- Enable the transition to healthy soil
 - With private finance and EU funding



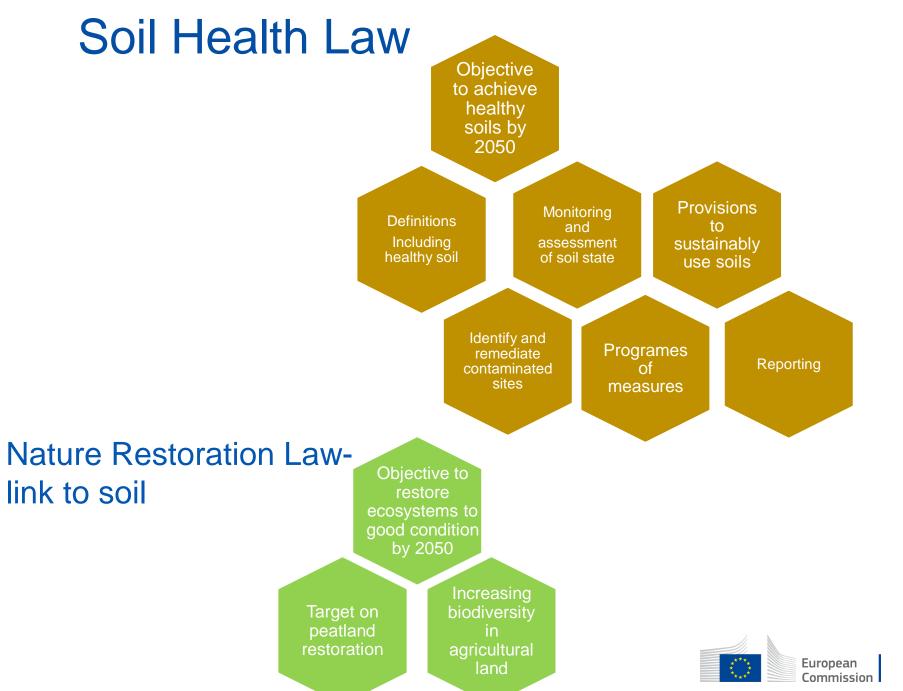
- Publish a guide with an overview of EU funding opportunities for healthy soils (2022)
- Foster investments towards sustainable soil management through the EU Taxonomy Regulation
- Through soil literacy and societal engagement



- Launch a soil literacy intiative
- Exchange and share best practices in communication and engagement on soil
- Use the European common reference framework of sustainability competences







What's in it for whom?

What is in it for land users (eg farmers, foresters)?

Better knowledge of soil quality

Long-term viabillity and food security

More funding and test for free initiative

Carbon farming and innovative business models

What is in it for citizens?

A more sustainable future with healthy soils
Better informed choices and literacy
Greener urban and rural environment
Tackling of climate change and biodiversity loss

Soil Strategy

What is in it for industry and economic operators?

Level playing field

Legal certainty on liabilities for soil contamination

Green and clean innovation potential

Sustainable supply of raw materials

What is in it for public authorities?

Clear legal framework and targets across the EU
Reduced cost and impact of inaction
More environmental awareness and citizen support
Improved governance

Thank you for your attention



More info available on https://ec.europa.eu/environment/soil/index_en.htm

